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Cultural Transformation? or "Job done, now can we get back to work?"

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- I. Historical
- 2. Sector-wide application
- 3. Policy and practice at HKU
- 4. A teacher's view





- Numerous workshops, symposia, conferences and learned articles
- Most institutions introduce and embed OBL in 3+3+4
 Curriculum Reforms
- All institutions appear to have taken the process to heart
- SLEQ adopted cross-sector to measure outcomes achievement
- Detailed documentary requirements in regular QAC Audits
- Features prominently on institutions' T&L websites
- The establishment of a dedicated centre funded by UGC grant – see Lingnan University Centre for the Advancement of Outcomes-Based Education (CAOBE) – "to sustain the momentum of OBE within the other UGC funded institutions" http://tlc.ln.edu.hk/caobe/



- "A transition from content-focused to outcomes-focused instruction" (Stuckey)
- "an approach to programme and course design, and to teaching and learning, that is focused upon what the students are expected to learn and to do, rather than what the teacher expects to teach and do." (HKU CETL)

What is OBL?...

From teacher-centred to learner-centred

From teaching objectives to learning achievement

 It focuses the student's mind and provides a learning target to aim for

It focuses the teacher's mind

Implementation

- Work backwards from learning outcomes
- Identify and formulate learning outcomes
- for the program
- for the course
- LOs as "demonstrable actions and performances" (Spady, 1994)
- LOs to integrate skills, knowledge and values
- Align them all:
- Program LOs + course LOs
- Within the course: LOs + learning activities + assessment
- This process makes (more) explicit to students what they are to do and how they are to do it (Biggs, 2009)



- A move from norm-referenced to standardsreferenced assessment
- This means no limit to the number of students scoring in the highest grades (in theory, but in practice?)
- This means levels of outcomes' achievement must be made explicit in advance
- Can this be done?



"Why the obsession with learning outcomes and constantly emphasizing them to students? What about acknowledging that learning takes place in different, sometimes random and unpredictable ways, is personal, and spontaneous, and cannot (should not?) be controlled?" (unnamed external examiner for commercial law program)

"By outlining specific outcomes, a holistic approach to learning is lost. Learning can find itself reduced to something that is specific, measurable, and observable." (Tam, 2014)



- April 2008, Senate approves adoption of OBASL, to be implemented in 3 phases:
- 2007-09 development of OBL framework
- 2008-09 Faculty-based piloting of courses
- 2009-12 Implementation of OBL for all new courses, and to existing courses in phases, with 100% take-up by 2013
- Implementation to be monitored by reincarnated Curriculum Development Committee



- Fully embraced and implemented (administratively speaking)
- A flurry of activities
- Outcomes-writing workshops for all Faculties (but no training in re-designing assessments and learning activities)
- A dedicated CETL staff for all FTLQCs
- Standards-referenced assessment adopted
- References to OBL are everywhere, on every website, in every policy statement
- HKU Assessment Policy: the term "learning outcomes" is used 20 times

"There should be alignment between the programme and course learning outcomes and the assessment processes and standards. Decisions regarding assessment (including criteria and standards) need to be made collaboratively amongst teaching staff at the time of drafting programme and course learning outcomes and not at the end of a teaching cycle. They include the forms of assessment to be used, the expectations with respect to student achievement and how these are to be communicated to students at the outset, the determination of results of assessments, the feedback to students etc."



Q. 8: "Overall, the course was effective in helping me achieve the course learning outcomes."

:"The aim of this survey is to collect data about students' perceptions of their learning experience and learning outcomes in the University."



"It would be a mistake to dismiss OBL as mere window-dressing. It has the power to be transformative. It requires teachers to ask themselves, for most of them for the very first time, the question, what I am trying to do in my teaching and curriculum design? What really is my expectation of students in this course? What should be their goals? How can this be achieved in the current course design? If it is not likely to be achieved well or at all, what strategic moves can I make to help facilitate the achievement of these learning goals?" R Glofcheski, unpublished paper, 2011



References

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